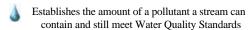
POTOMAC PCB TMDL DEVELOPMENT

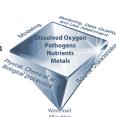
What Is A TMDL?

TMDL = Total Maximum Daily Load





- A definition of the problem
- A detailed accounting of pollutant sources
- A definition of water quality targets
- Linkage between pollutant loading and instream response
- Allocations to various sources
- Assurance of implementation

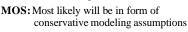


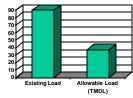
A TMDL Establishes Pollutant Allocations

TMDL = WLA (point sources) + LA (NPS) + Margin of Safety

WLA: Allocations will be developed for municipal and industrial point sources and MS4 communities

LA: Loads to atmosphere, tributaries, etc





The Potomac TMDL Process

Multi-jurisdictional effort in the tidal Potomac River basin coordinated by the ICPRB

Project partners include Maryland, Washington, D.C., Virginia, the U.S. EPA, ICPRB and MWCOG

Jurisdictions agreed to develop a watershed TMDL adhering to the Washington, D.C. court ordered timeline

Include stakeholders in the process through technical advisory committee and public meetings

Sources of PCBs

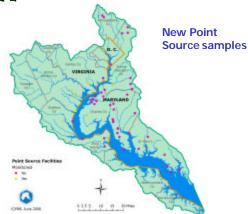
▲ Point Sources — municipal and industrial wastewater treatment plants

NonpointSources – stormwater runoff from urban areas, combined sewer overflows, atmospheric deposition, runoff from contaminate d sites

Tributaries − contamination from entering the Potomac from smaller tributary rivers

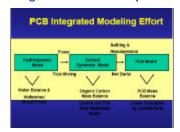






Computer Models

Will provide linkage between pollutant loading and instream response



PCB TMDL Development

The TMDL will develop source-specific allocations

The TMDL will most likely require significant reductions from ALL sources

Implement using existing programs and regulatory authorities, reassess, adjust effort as appropriate

Implementation will take many forms – this aspect of the TMDL has not yet been developed